BEFORE THE BOARD OF MEDICAL EXAMINERS

IN THE STATE OF ARIZONA

In the Matter of

JAROMIR J. ROZACI, M.D.

Holder of License No. **15935** For the Practice of Medicine In the State of Arizona.

INVESTIGATION NO. 11586

FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND ORDER FOR DECREE OF CENSURE

FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. The Board is the duly constituted authority for the regulation and control of the practice of medicine in the State of Arizona.
- 2. Dr. Rozaci is the holder of License No. 15935 for the practice of medicine in the State of Arizona.
- 3. On January 5, 1995, Dr. Rozaci performed an uneventful left carotid endarterectomy on patient D.E., a 71 year old man. As a result of this operation, Dr. Rozaci was named in a medical malpractice lawsuit. The lawsuit was eventually settled. Pursuant to the malpractice settlement report received by the Board, Investigation No. 11586 was initiated. The malpractice settlement report alleged that Dr. Rozaci inappropriately used Heparin postoperatively; failed to control postoperative bleeding in a timely manner; used a heating pad to the surgical site in the presence of persistent bleeding; and inappropriately used antibiotics postoperatively prophylactically beyond one or two doses.
- 4. Postoperatively, Dr. Rozaci kept patient D.E. anticoagulated with Heparin and prescribed a gram of Ancef every 6 to 8 hours. Patient D.E. had serosanguineous drainage around the Penrose drain. Patient D.E. also had a hoarse voice.

5. On the first postoperative day, January 6, 1995, Dr. Rozaci examined patient D.E., and indicated he had minimal post-surgical edema in the operative site and the drainage was serosanguineous, but not excessive. Dr. Rozaci continued to prescribe Heparin and antibiotics.

- 6. The following morning, January 7, 1995, Dr. Rozaci did not see patient D.E., but was informed that he had bloody drainage and swelling on the left side of the neck, and difficulty swallowing. Dr. Rozaci discontinued the Heparin and prescribed a heating pad. Dr. Rozaci was later informed that patient D.E. had more difficulty swallowing and difficulty breathing. Dr. Rozaci recommended that patient D.E. be seen by a pulmonologist. The pulmonologist was unable to intubate patient D.E., who then went into respiratory arrest. After another unsuccessful intubation was attempted, a tracheostomy was performed. Patient D.E. did not regain consciousness.
- 7. Later that afternoon, Dr. Rozaci arrived at the hospital and took patient D.E. into surgery to re-explore the wound site, and found a very small hematoma and extensive soft tissue edema. Patient D.E. remained in a comatose state and died on January 23, 1995.
- 8. Dr. Rozaci's postoperative management of patient D.E. was inappropriate. Dr. Rozaci inappropriately responded to patient D.E.'s reported persistent bleeding and swelling and failed to consider reversing anticoagulation. In addition, Dr. Rozaci's use of antibiotics postoperatively prophylactically beyond 24 hours and Dr. Rozaci's use of a heating pad to the surgical site in the presence of persistent bleeding was in error.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- 1. The Board possesses jurisdiction over the subject matter hereof and over Dr. Rozaci.
 - 2. The conduct and circumstances described above in paragraphs 3 through 8

constitute unprofessional conduct pursuant to A.R.S. § 32-1401(25)(q) (any conduct or practice which is or might be harmful or dangerous to the health of the patient or the public).

ORDER

Based on the foregoing Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, it is hereby ordered that Dr. Rozaci be issued a Decree of Censure for inappropriate post-operative management.

RIGHT TO PETITION FOR REVIEW

Dr. Rozaci is hereby notified that he has the right to petition for a rehearing. Pursuant to A.R.S. § 41-1092.09, as amended, the petition for rehearing must be filed with the Board's Executive Director within thirty-five (35) days after service of this Order and pursuant to A.A.C. R4-16-102, it must set forth legally sufficient reasons for granting a rehearing. If a petition for rehearing is not filed, the order becomes effective thirty-five (35) days after it has been mailed.

Dr. Rozaci is further notified that the filing of a petition for rehearing is required to preserve any rights of appeal to the superior court that he may wish to pursue.

DATED this $2b^{th}$ day of $2b^{th}$, 1999.



BOARD OF MEDICAL EXAMINERS OF THE STATE OF ARIZONA

CLAUDIA FOUTZ
Executive Director

The Arizona Board of Medical Examiners 1651 East Morten, Suite 210 Phoenix, Arizona 85020

1	ORIGINAL of the foregoing filed this
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3	The Arizona Board of Medical Examiners 1651 East Morten, Suite 210 Phoenix, Arizona 85020
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5	COPY of the foregoing mailed by Certified Mail this 15・ day of ユンベュー, 1999, to:
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